AGENT: Mr Peter Le Grys - Stanfords **APPLICANT**:

The Livestock Market Wyncolls Road Colchester CO4 9HU APPLICANT: Mr Swain
Grove House

St Osyth Road Little Clacton Clacton On Sea

Essex CO16 9NX

TOWN AND COUNTRY PLANNING ACT 1990

APPLICATION NO: 21/00027/FUL **DATE REGISTERED:** 22nd December 2020

Proposed Development and Location of the Land:

Two custom built / self-build dwellings.
Land adjacent Grove House St Osyth Road West Little Clacton Essex

THE TENDRING DISTRICT COUNCIL AS LOCAL PLANNING AUTHORITY <u>HEREBY GRANT PLANNING PERMISSION</u> in accordance with the application form, supporting documents and plans submitted, subject to the following conditions;

- 1 The development hereby permitted shall be begun before the expiration of three years from the date of this permission.
 - Reason To comply with the requirements of Section 91 of the Town and Country Planning Act 1990, as amended by the Planning and Compulsory Purchase Act 2004.
- 2 The development hereby permitted shall be carried out in accordance with the following approved plans:

Drawing no SGH-01 Plot 1 Revision A - Block Plan, Floor Plans and Elevations (including garage details)

Drawing no SGH-02 Plot 2 Revision A - Block Plan, Floor Plans and Elevations (including garage details)

Reason - For the avoidance of doubt and in the interests of proper planning.

- Prior to the commencement of any above ground works, precise details of the manufacturer and types and colours of the external facing and roofing materials to be used in the construction of the development hereby permitted shall be submitted to and agreed, in writing, by the Local Planning Authority. Such materials as may be agreed shall be those used in the development.
 - Reason Materials are a visually essential requirement to ensure a quality development and insufficient information has been provided within the application.
- 4 No above ground works shall take place until there has been submitted to and approved, in writing, by the Local Planning Authority a scheme of hard and soft landscaping works for the site, which shall include all boundary treatements and any changes in ground

levels and also accurately identify spread, girth and species of all existing trees, shrubs and hedgerows on the site and indicate any to be retained, together with measures for their protection which shall comply with the recommendations set out in the British Standards Institute publication "BS 5837:2012 Trees in relation to design, demolition and construction."

Reason - In order to enhance and soften the appearance of the development in the interests of visual amenity and the quality of the development.

All changes in ground levels, hard landscaping, planting, seeding or turfing shown on the approved landscaping details shall be carried out during the first planting and seeding season (October - March inclusive) following the commencement of the development or in such other phased arrangement as may be agreed in writing by the Local Planning Authority. Any trees or shrubs which, within a period of 5 years of being planted die, are removed or seriously damaged or seriously diseased shall be replaced in the next planting season with others of similar size and species, unless the Local Planning Authority agrees in writing to a variation of the previously approved details.

Reason - To ensure the appropriate implementation of the approved landscaping scheme in the interests of visual amenity and the quality of the development.

Notwithstanding the provisions of Schedule 2 Part 1 Class E of the Town and Country Planning (General Permitted Development) (England) Order 2015 (as amended) (or any Order revoking and re-enacting that Order with or without modification), no outbuildings, enclosures, swimming or other pools shall be erected except in complete accordance with details which shall previously have been approved, in writing, by the Local Planning Authority following the submission of a planning application for such development.

Reason - In order to control development in the interests of visual amenity in this edge of settlement location.

No above ground level works shall take place until precise details of the provision, siting, design and materials of screen walls and fences have been submitted to and approved in writing by the Local Planning Authority. The approved screen walls and fences shall be erected prior to the occupation of the development and thereafter be retained in the approved form unless otherwise agreed in writing by the Local Planning Authority.

Reason - To ensure that the development is appropriate within its setting as insufficient details have been provided with the application.

Notwithstanding the provisions of Article 3, Schedule 2 Part 2 Class A of the Town and Country Planning (General Permitted Development) (England) Order 2015 (or any Order revoking and re-enacting that Order with or without modification), no provision of fences, walls or other means of enclosures shall be erected forward of the front elevation of the dwellings or along the southern boundary of the site.

Reason - In the interests of visual amenity.

There should be no obstruction above ground level within a 2.4 m wide parallel band visibility splay as measured from and along the nearside edge of the carriageway across the entire site frontage. Such vehicular visibility splays for each access shall be provided before the road junction / access is first used by vehicular traffic and retained free of obstruction above 1000mm at all times.

Reason - To provide adequate inter-visibility between users of the access and the public highway in the interests of highway safety.

- Prior to occupation of either dwelling a 1.5 metre x 1.5 metre pedestrian visibility splay, as measured from and along the highway boundary, shall be provided on both sides of each vehicular access. Such visibility splays shall be retained free of any obstruction in perpetuity. These visibility splays must not form part of the vehicular surface of the access.
 - Reason To provide adequate inter-visibility between the users of the access and pedestrians in the adjoining public highway in the interest of highway safety.
- No unbound material shall be used in the surface treatment of either vehicular access within 6 metres of the highway boundary.
 - Reason To avoid displacement of loose material onto the highway in the interests of highway safety.
- Prior to occupation of either dwelling, each vehicular access shall be constructed at right angles to the highway boundary and to the existing carriageway. The width of the access at its junction with the highway shall not be more than 4.5 metres (equivalent to 5 low kerbs), shall be retained at that width for 6 metres within the site.
 - Reason To ensure that vehicles can enter and leave the highway in a controlled manner in the interest of highway safety.
- Any gates proposed at the vehicular access shall be inward opening only and shall be set back a maximum of 0.5 metres from the back edge of the footway/cycleway or where no provision is present, the carriageway.
 - Reason In the interests of highway safety.
- 14 There shall be no discharge of surface water onto the Highway.
 - Reason To prevent hazards caused by water flowing onto the highway and to avoid the formation of ice on the highway in the interest of highway safety.
- The removal of any vegetation shall only be carried out outside of the bird nesting season (March to August inclusive).
 - Reason To ensure the protection of birds potentially nesting on site.
- Prior to the occupation of the development, the provision of one informal vehicle passing place shall be provided within Dead Lane north of its junction with St Osyth Road with dimensions of 1.5 metres wide x 8 metres in length (excluding tapers), details of which shall be agreed in writing by the Local Planning Authority. The development shall be carried out in accordance with the approved details.
 - Reason To ensure that vehicles can pass clear of the limits of the highway, in the interests of highway safety.
- 17 Prior to any above ground works taking place, a Phase One risk assessment in the form of a desktop study/site walkover report shall take place. This must include a review of previous investigations; previous uses; potential sources of contamination; and potential pathways and receptors. If necessary, this shall be followed up by a 'phase two' risk assessment that shall incorporate a detailed intrusive investigation referring to the phase one study. Individual risk assessments shall be submitted in writing for approval by the Local Planning Authority.

Reason - To protect the health of site workers and end users given the proposal and the development sites proximity to several pieces of registered, historic contaminated land, one of which is located less than 100m from the site.

- 18 In order to minimise potential nuisance caused by demolition/construction works:
 - No vehicle connected with the works to arrive on site before 07:30 or leave after 19:00 (except in the case of emergency). Working hours to be restricted between 08:00 and 18:00 Mondays to Saturdays (finishing at 13:00 on Saturdays) with no working of any kind permitted on Sundays or any Public/Bank Holiday whilst construction works and alterations are being carried out.
 - No materials produced as a result of the site development or clearance shall be burned on site.

Reason - Adherence to the above condition will significantly reduce the likelihood of public complaint and potential enforcement action by Pollution and Environmental Control. The condition gives the best practice for Demolition and Construction sites. Failure to follow them may result in enforcement action under nuisance legislation (Environmental Protection Act 1990), or the imposition of controls on working hours (Control of Pollution Act 1974).

DATED: 9th June 2021 **SIGNED:**

Graham Nourse Assistant Director Planning Service

IMPORTANT INFORMATION:-

The local planning authority considers that the following policies and proposals in the development plan are relevant to the above decision:

Positive and Proactive Statement

The Local Planning Authority has acted positively and proactively in determining this application by assessing the proposal against all material considerations, including planning policies and any representations that may have been received and subsequently determining to grant planning permission in accordance with the presumption in favour of sustainable development, as set out within the National Planning Policy Framework.

Legal Agreement Informative - Recreational Impact Mitigation

This application is the subject of a legal agreement and this decision should only be read in conjunction with this agreement. The agreement addresses the following issues: mitigation against any recreational impact from residential developments in accordance with Regulation 63 of the Conservation of Habitat and Species Regulations 2017.

Highways Informatives

1: All work within or affecting the highway is to be laid out and constructed by prior arrangement with and to the requirements and specifications of the Highway Authority; all details shall be agreed before the commencement of works.

The applicants should be advised to contact the Development Management Team by email at development.management@essexhighways.org or by post to:

SMO1 - Development Management Team Ardleigh Depot, Harwich Road, Ardleigh, Colchester, CO7 7LT

- 2: The public's rights and ease of passage over public footpath no. 8 (Little Clacton_173) shall be maintained free and unobstructed at all times.
- 3: On the completion of the Development, all roads, footways/paths, cycle ways, covers, gratings, fences, barriers, grass verges, trees, and any other street furniture within the Site and in the area it covers and any neighbouring areas affected by it, must be left in a fully functional repaired/renovated state to a standard accepted by the appropriate statutory authority.
- 4: The applicant must ensure that no mud or detritus is taken onto the highway, such measures include provision of wheel cleaning facilities and sweeping/cleaning of the highway. Under Section 148 of the Highways Act 1980 it is an offence to deposit mud, detritus etc. on the highway. In addition, under Section 161 any person, depositing anything on a highway which results in a user of the highway being injured or endangered is guilty of an offence.
- 5: Areas within the curtilage of the site for the purpose of the reception and storage of building materials shall be identified clear of the highway to ensure that appropriate loading / unloading facilities are available to ensure that the highway is not obstructed during the construction period in the interest of highway safety.

Foul Drainage and Environmental Permit Requirements

The proposed development is to be served by a package treatment plant facility for foul drainage. As set out within the Foul Drainage Assessment Form 1 (FDA1) accompanying the application, the proposal fails to comply with Rule 19 of the Small sewage discharges in England: general binding rules 2015 and an Environmental Permit is required. However, having discussed the matter further with the Environment Agency it would appear that there is an existing drainage system within 60 metres of the site (which therefore meets the requirements). It is therefore likely that the existing permit application will be refused as there is a preferred, existing system to serve the development. You are strongly encouraged to further investigate connection to the public foul sewer, even if that is via a private sewer. Please contact Michael Neale Team Leader - Essex Land & Water Team on telephone number 0203 025 8536.

Please note that any operational development or the erection of structures or outbuildings required to facilitate a proposed package treatment plant (if needed) may require separate planning permission. Furthermore, if the agreed drainage alters the approved plans attached to this permission in any way, a variation application may be required.

Extent of Garden

Please note that the extent of the private garden land serving the dwellings comprises the red lined site area only. Should the current owner or future occupants of either plot wish to extend the size of the garden size into any part of the land shown outlined in blue, a planning application for a change of use of the land to residential curtilage will be required.

<u>Standard Informative 1:</u> The Provisions of the Essex Act 1987, Section 13 (Access for the Fire Brigade) may apply to this Development and will be determined at Building Regulation Stage.

<u>Standard Informative 2:</u> You are reminded that the carrying out of building works requires approval under the Building Regulations in many cases as well as a grant of planning permission. If you are in doubt as to whether or not the work, the subject of this planning permission, requires such approval, then you are invited to contact the Building Control section at Tendring District Council.

<u>Standard Informative 3:</u> If the development includes the construction of a new building on or at the boundary of 2 properties, work to an existing party wall or party structure or involve excavation near to and below the foundation level of neighbouring buildings, you are advised that the provisions of the Party Wall Act 1996 may apply to this development. An explanatory booklet concerning the implications of this Act is available online or from the District Council.

The attached notes explain the rights of appeal.

NOTES FOR GUIDANCE

WHEN PLANNING PERMISSION IS REFUSED OR GRANTED SUBJECT TO CONDITIONS

APPEALS TO THE SECRETARY OF STATE

- If you are aggrieved by the decision of your local planning authority to refuse permission for the proposed development or to grant it subject to conditions, then you can appeal to the Secretary of State under Section 78 of the Town and Country Planning Act 1990.
- If you want to appeal, then you must do so within the set time frame as outlined below:
 - a. If this is a decision to refuse planning permission for a householder application, if you want to appeal against your local planning authority's decision then you must do so within **12 weeks** of the date of this notice. A **Householder Appeal Form** is required, available online at https://www.gov.uk/planning-inspectorate
 - b. If this is a decision to refuse planning permission for a minor commercial application, if you want to appeal against your local planning authority's decision then you must do so within **12 weeks** of the date of this notice. A **Planning Appeal Form** is required, available online at https://www.gov.uk/planning-inspectorate
 - c. If you want to appeal against your local planning authority's decision on a development which is not caught by a. and b. above then you must do so within **6 months** of the date of this notice. A **Planning Appeal Form** is required, available online https://www.gov.uk/planning-inspectorate
- Appeals must be made using the relevant form (as detailed above) which you can get from the Secretary of State at Temple Quay House, 2 The Square, Temple Quay, Bristol, BS1 6PN (Tel: 0303 444 5000) or online at https://www.gov.uk/planning-inspectorate. Please note, only the applicant possesses the right of appeal.
- The Secretary of State can allow a longer period for giving notice of an appeal, but will not normally be prepared to use this power unless there are special circumstances which excuse the delay in giving notice of appeal.
- The Secretary of State need not consider an appeal if it seems to the Secretary of State that the local planning authority could not have granted permission for the proposed development or could not have granted it without the conditions imposed having regard to the statutory requirements, to the provisions of any development order and to any directions given under a development order.
- If you intend to submit an appeal that you would like examined by inquiry then you must notify the Local Planning Authority and Planning Inspectorate (inquiryappeals@planninginspectorate.gov.uk) at least 10 days before submitting the appeal. Further details are on GOV.UK.

ENFORCEMENT

- If this is a decision on a planning application relating to the same or substantially the same land and development as is already the subject of an enforcement notice, if you want to appeal against your local planning authority's decision on your application, then you must do so within 28 days of the date of this notice.
- If an enforcement notice is served relating to the same or substantially the same land and development as in your application and if you want to appeal against your local planning authority's decision on your application, then you must do so within 28 days of the date of service of the enforcement notice, or within 6 months (12 weeks in the case of a householder or minor commercial appeal) of the date of this notice, whichever period expires earlier.